

Name:

Date:

Years of Experience:

Directions for completing skills checklist:

The following is a list of equipment and/or procedures performed in rendering care to patients. Please indicate your level of experience/proficiency with each area and, where applicable, the types of equipment and/or systems you are familiar with. Use the following key as a guideline:

- A) Theory Only/No Experience--Didactic instruction only, no hands on experience
- B) Limited Experience--Knows procedure/has used equipment, but has done so infrequently or not within the last six months
- C) Moderate Experience--Able to demonstrate equipment/procedure, performs the task/skill independently with only resource assistance needed.
- D) Proficient/Competent--Able to demonstrate/perform the task/skill proficiently without any assistance and can instruct/teach.

A. CARDIOVASCULAR

	A	B	C	D
1. Assessment				
a. Abnormal heart sounds/murmurs/arrhythmias	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Auscultation (rate, rhythm)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Blood pressure/non-invasive	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Doppler	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Pulses/circulation checks	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. Interpretation of lab results				
a. Cardiac enzymes & isoenzymes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Coagulation studies	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3. Equipment & procedures				
a. Assist with				
(1) Arterial line insertion	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Central line insertion	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Open chest emergency	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(4) PA catheter/Swan-Ganz insertion	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(5) Pericardiocentesis	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(6) Transesophageal echocardiogram	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Automatic internal cardioverter defibrillator	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Cardioversion	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. CAVH-D	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Hemodynamic monitoring				
(1) Cardiac index	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Cardiac output	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) CVP monitoring	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

(4) Femoral artery sheath removal	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(5) MAP	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(6) PA/Swan-Ganz	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(7) PCW pressure	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(8) PVR	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(9) Radial a-line	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(10) SVO2	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(11) SVR	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
f. Intra aortic balloon pump	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
g. Monitoring				
(1) 12 lead EKG interpretation	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Arrhythmia interpretation	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Lead placement	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(4) Rhythm strip assessment	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(5) Set up and run 12 lead EKG	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
h. Pacemaker				
(1) External	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Permanent	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Temporary	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(4) Transthoracic (epicardial)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
i. Ventricular assist device (RVAD or LVAD)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4. Care of the patient with:				
a. Abdominal aortic aneurysm repair	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Acute MI	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Cardiac arrest	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Cardiac tamponade	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Congestive heart failure (CHF)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
f. EP study & ablation	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
g. Heart transplant	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
h. Immediate post open-heart surgery	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
i. Infective endocarditis	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
j. Myocardial contusion	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
k. Pericarditis	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
l. Post AICD insertion	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
m. Post arthrectomy (DCA)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
n. Post commissurotomy, valve repair, valve replacement	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
o. Post intracoronary stent placement	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
p. Post percutaneous balloon valvuloplasty	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
q. Post rotoblade	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
r. Pre/post angioplasty	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
s. Pre/post cardiac cath	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5. Medications				
a. Amiodarone (Cardarone)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Atropine	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Bicarbonate	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Bretylium (Bretylol)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Digoxin (Lanoxin)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
f. Diltiazem (Cardizem)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
g. Dobutamine (Dobutrex)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
h. Dopamine (Intropin)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
i. Epinephrine (Adrenalin)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

j. Esmolol (Brevibloc)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
k. Inocor (Amrinone)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
l. Lidocaine (Xylocaine)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
m. Metoprolol (Lopressor)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
n. Nipride (Nitroprusside)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
o. Nitroglycerine (Tridil)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
p. Procainamide (Pronestyl)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
q. Reteplase recombinant (Retavase)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
r. Streptokinase	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
s. TPA (Alteplase)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
t. Verapamil (Calan, Isoptin, Verelan)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

B. PULMONARY

1. Assessment				
a. Adventitious breath sounds	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Rate and work of breathing	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. Interpretation of lab results - arterial blood gases	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3. Equipment & procedures				
a. Air leak troubleshooting				
(1) Mediastinal chest tube removal	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Pleural chest tube removal	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Airway management devices/suctioning				
(1) Endotracheal tube/suctioning	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Extubation	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Nasal airway/suctioning	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(4) Oximetry	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(5) Sputum specimen collection	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(6) Tracheostomy/suctioning	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Assist with				
(1) Bronchoscopy	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Chest tube insertion	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Emergency tracheostomy	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(4) Thoracentesis	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Establishing an airway				
(1) Assist with intubation	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Oral airway insertion	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Identification/intervention for respiratory complications				
(1) Aspiration	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Laryngospasm	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Tension pneumothorax	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(4) Use of Pleurevac or Thoraclex drainage	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(5) Use of water seal drainage	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
f. O2 therapy & medication delivery systems				
(1) Ambu bag and mask	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) ET tube	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Face masks	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(4) Nasal cannula	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(5) Portable O2 tank	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(6) Trach collar	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
g. Ventilator management				
(1) External CPAP	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) High frequency jet ventilation	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

(3) IMV	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(4) PEEP	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(5) Pressure support	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(6) Weaning modes & T-piece weaning	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4. Care of the patient with:				
a. Acute pneumonia	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. ARDS	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Chest trauma	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. COPD	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Cor pulmonale	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
f. Fresh tracheostomy	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
g. Lobectomy	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
h. Lung transplant	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
i. Near drowning	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
j. Pneumonectomy	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
k. Pulmonary edema/hypertension	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
l. Pulmonary embolism	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
m. Status asthmaticus	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
n. Thoracotomy	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
o. Tuberculosis	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5. Medications				
a. Alupent (Metaproterenol)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Aminophylline (Theophylline)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Bronkosol (Isoetharine hydrochloride)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Corticosteroids	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Ventolin (Albuterol)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

C. NEUROLOGICAL

1. Assessment				
a. Cranial nerves	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Glasgow coma scale	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Level of consciousness	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Pathologic reflexes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Reflex/motor deficits	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
f. Visual or communication deficits	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. Equipment & procedures				
a. Assist with lumbar puncture	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Halo traction/cervical tongs	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Intracranial pressure monitoring	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Nerve stimulators	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Rotating bed	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
f. Seizure precautions	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
g. Spinal precautions	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
h. Stryker frame	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
i. Use of hyper/hypothermia blanket	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3. Care of the patient with:				
a. Aneurysm precautions	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Basal skull fracture	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Closed head injury	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Coma	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. CVA	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
f. DTs	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

g. Encephalitis	○	○	○	○
h. Externalized VP shunts	○	○	○	○
i. Increased ICP	○	○	○	○
j. Laminectomy	○	○	○	○
k. Meningitis	○	○	○	○
l. Metastatic tumor/intracranial tumor resection	○	○	○	○
m. Multiple sclerosis	○	○	○	○
n. Post craniotomy	○	○	○	○
o. Spinal cord injury	○	○	○	○
p. Ventriculostomy	○	○	○	○
4. Medications				
a. Barbiturate induced coma	○	○	○	○
b. Decadron (Dexamethasone)	○	○	○	○
c. Dilantin (Phenytoin)	○	○	○	○
d. Epidural administration	○	○	○	○
e. Phenobarbital	○	○	○	○
f. Valium (Diazepam)	○	○	○	○

D. GASTROINTESTINAL

1. Assessment				
a. Abdominal/bowel sounds	○	○	○	○
b. Nutritional	○	○	○	○
2. Interpretation of lab results				
a. Serum ammonia	○	○	○	○
b. Serum amylase	○	○	○	○
c. LFTs	○	○	○	○
3. Equipment & procedures				
a. Administration of tube feeding	○	○	○	○
b. Balloon tamponade (Sengstaken Blakemore)	○	○	○	○
c. Feeding pump	○	○	○	○
d. Flexible feeding tube (i.e., Corpak, Dobhoff)	○	○	○	○
e. Gravity feeding	○	○	○	○
f. Iced saline lavage	○	○	○	○
g. Management of				
(1) Gastrostomy tube	○	○	○	○
(2) Jejunostomy tube	○	○	○	○
(3) T-tube	○	○	○	○
(4) TPN and lipids administration	○	○	○	○
(5) PPN (peripheral parenteral nutrition)	○	○	○	○
h. Placement of nasogastric tube	○	○	○	○
i. Salem sump to suction	○	○	○	○
4. Care of the patient with:				
a. Blunt trauma	○	○	○	○
b. Bowel obstruction	○	○	○	○
c. Colostomy	○	○	○	○
d. ERCP	○	○	○	○
e. Esophageal bleeding	○	○	○	○
f. GI bleeding	○	○	○	○
g. GI surgery	○	○	○	○
h. Hepatitis	○	○	○	○
i. Ileostomy	○	○	○	○
j. Inflammatory bowel disease	○	○	○	○

k. Liver failure	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
l. Liver transplant	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
m. Pancreatitis	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
n. Paralytic ileus	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
o. Penetrating trauma	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5. Medications				
a. AquaMephyton (Vitamin K)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Inderal (Propranolol)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Kayexelate	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Lactulose (Cephulac)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Pitressin (Vasopressin)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

E. RENAL/GENITOURINARY

1. Assessment				
a. A-V fistula/shunt	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Fluid status	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. Interpretation of lab results				
a. BUN & creatinine	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Serum electrolytes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3. Equipment & procedures				
a. Bladder irrigation	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Insertion & care of straight and Foley catheter				
(1) 3-way Foley	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Female	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Male	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Supra-pubic	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4. Care of the patient with:				
a. Acute renal failure	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. CAVH dialysis	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Hemodialysis	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Nephrectomy	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Peritoneal dialysis	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
f. Renal rejection syndrome	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
g. Renal transplant	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
h. TURP	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
i. Urinary diversion (ileal conduit nephrostomy)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
j. Urinary tract infection	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

F. ENDOCRINE/METABOLIC

1. Interpretation of lab results				
a. Blood glucose	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Thyroid studies	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. Equipment & procedures				
a. Blood glucose measuring device:				
b. Blood glucose monitoring	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Performing finger stick	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3. Care of the patient with:				
a. Diabetes mellitus	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Diabetic ketoacidosis	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Disorders of adrenal gland (e.g., Addison's disease)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Disorders of pituitary gland (e.g., DI)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Drug overdose	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Type :

f. Hyperthyroidism (Grave's disease)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
g. Hypothyroidism	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
h. Insulin shock	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
i. Thyroidectomy - disorders of thyroid gland	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4. Medication - insulin pump	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

G. WOUND MANAGEMENT

1. Assessment				
a. Skin for impending breakdown	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Stasis ulcers	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Surgical wound healing	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. Equipment & procedures				
a. Air fluidized, low airloss beds	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Sterile dressing changes	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Wound care/irrigations	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3. Care of the patient with:				
a. Burns	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Pressure sores	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Staged decubitus ulcers	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Surgical wounds with drain(s)	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
e. Traumatic wounds	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

H. PHLEBOTOMY/IV THERAPY

1. Equipment & procedures				
a. Administration of blood/blood products				
(1) Cryoprecipitate	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Packed red blood cells	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Plasma/albumin	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(4) Whole blood	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Drawing blood from central line	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Drawing venous blood	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
d. Starting IVs				
(1) Angiocath	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Butterfly	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Heparin lock	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. Care of the patient with:				
a. Central line/catheter/dressing -				
(1) Broviac	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(2) Groshong	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(3) Hickman	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(4) Portacath	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
(5) Quinton	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. Peripheral line/dressing	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

I. PAIN MANAGEMENT

1. Assessment of pain level/tolerance	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. Care of the patient with:				
a. Epidural anesthesia/analgesia	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
b. IV conscious sedation	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
c. Patient controlled analgesia	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

J. MISCELLANEOUS

1. Care of the patient with:				
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- a. Anaphylactic shock
- b. Disseminated intravascular coagulation (DIC)
- c. Hypovolemic shock
- d. Multi-system organ failure
- e. Organ/tissue donation
- f. Septic shock

AGE SPECIFIC PRACTICE

A.Newborn/Neonate (birth - 30 days)	D.Preschooler (3 - 5 years)	G.Young adults (18 - 39 years)
B.Infant (30 days - 1 year)	E.School age children (5 - 12 years)	H.Middle adults (39 - 64 years)
C.Toddler (1 - 3 years)	F.Adolescents (12 - 18 years)	I.Older adults (64+)

EXPERIENCE WITH AGE GROUPS

Able to adapt care to incorporate normal growth
and development.

A B C D E G H I

Able to adapt method and terminology of patient instructions to
their age, comprehension and maturity level.

Can ensure a safe environment reflecting specific needs of
various age groups.

My experience is primarily in: (Please indicate number of years)

- | | | |
|--|--|---|
| <input type="radio"/> Medical _____ year(s) | <input type="radio"/> Cardiothoracic _____ year(s) | <input type="radio"/> Neuro _____ year(s) |
| <input type="radio"/> Neurological _____ year(s) | <input type="radio"/> Cardiovascular _____ year(s) | <input type="radio"/> Burn _____ year(s) |
| <input type="radio"/> Trauma _____ year(s) | <input type="radio"/> Coronary care _____ year(s) | <input type="radio"/> PACC _____ year(s) |
| <input type="radio"/> Other (specify) _____ | | |

The information I have given is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge. I hereby authorize Cambay Consulting, LLC. to release Critical Care/Intensive Care Skills Checklist to client facilities of Cambay in relations to consideration of employment as a Traveler with those facilities.

Signature

Date

Address

Phone